

CANADA OBSIDIAN SOURCES

KINGCOME



The visual appearance of this 2.9 cm-long biface fragment from the Kingcome source - black to dark gray glass with abundant small phenocrysts - is typical of the obsidian from this source.

ALTERNATE NAMES: Central Coast A, Central Coast Type A, Kingcome Glacier, Port Hardy A.

LOCATION - PROVINCE: British Columbia.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: Jim Stafford.

REFERENCES

- Bennett, Roy B. and J. M. D'Auria
1974 The Application of Energy Dispersive Spectroscopy to Determining the Provenience of Obsidian. *International Journal of Applied Radiation and Isotopes* 25:361-371.
- Carlson, Roy L.
1994 Exchange in British Columbia. In *Prehistoric Exchange Systems in North America*, edited by Timothy G. Baugh and Jonathon E. Ericson, pp. 307-361.
- Reimer, Rudy
2012 *The Mountains and Rocks are Forever: Lithics and Landscapes of Skwxwù7mesh Uxwumixw*. Unpublished Ph.D. Dissertation, McMaster University, Hamilton, Ontario.